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CLAIMS

- A method for auditing data-access events occurring in a context management system, the method comprising:
- (A) collecting context data from a plurality of applications that use the context management system;
- (B) storing data corresponding to the collected context data on a centralized storage location; and
- (C) extracting audit information by processing at least a subset of the data stored on the centralized storage location.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the context data comprises user context data items.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the context data comprises patient context data items.
 - 4. The method of claim 3, further comprising:
- (D) appending an application-identifying tag to a URL to yield a compound URL; and
- (E) exchanging the compound URL with an application such that future communications with the application allow a context manager to identify the application from the application-identifying tag.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the audit data comprises applicationidentifying information.
 - The method of claim 1, wherein the data corresponding to the collected context data is the same as the context data.
 - The method of claim 1, wherein the context management system supports the CCOW standard set.

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- The method of claim 1, wherein any of the plurality of applications supports the CCOW standard set.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the context data is formatted according to
 the CCOW standard set.
 - 10. The method of claim 1, further comprising, prior to (B), converting the context data between a first format, complying with the CCOW standard set, and a second data format
 - 11. The method of claim 1, wherein at least a first application executes on a first machine at the point-of-use and at least a second application executes on a second machine.
 - 12. The method of claim 1, wherein at least a first application executes on a first machine comprising a remote server and at least a second application executes on a second machine.
- $13. \qquad \text{The method of claim 1, wherein at least two applications execute on a} \\ 20 \qquad \text{same machine.}$
 - 14. The method of claim 1, wherein a first application and a second application are each separate instances of the same application executing simultaneously.
- 25 15. The method of claim 1, wherein a first application and a second application are two different applications executing simultaneously.
 - 16. The method of claim 1, wherein the processing in (C) comprises querying the data stored in the centralized storage location.
 - 17. The method of claim 1, wherein the method is performed by software executing on a machine coupled to the centralized storage location over a network.

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- 18. The method of claim 1, wherein the method is performed by software executing on a machine housing the centralized storage location.
 - 19. The method of claim 1, wherein (B) comprises:
- (i) storing the context data onto an intermediate collection platform, disposed between the context management system and the centralized storage location;
 and
- (ii) sending the context data from the intermediate collection platform to the centralized storage location.
 - The method of claim 19, wherein the intermediate collection platform comprises a message queue.
 - The method of claim 19, wherein the intermediate collection platform comprises a storage buffer.
 - 22. The method of claim 1, further comprising, following (C):
- (D) based on the extracted audit information, determining whether a data
 20 access event is authorized under a set of access control rules.
 - 23. The method of claim 22, further comprising, following (D):
 - (E) preventing execution of the data access event if the data access event is not authorized

24. The method of claim 22, further comprising, following (D):

- (E) sending a message to a monitor, indicating an attempt to execute the data access event.
- 30 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the monitor is at least one of: an electronic mail server, a telephony server, a paging server, a portable communicator, an alarm device and a human operator.

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- 26. The method of claim 22, wherein the set of access control rules is accessible to the context management system.
- 5 27. The method of claim 1, wherein the method is performed by software, execution of which is not subject to preemption by a user.
 - 28. The method of claim 1, wherein the centralized centralized storage location is a database,
 - 29. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - (D) passing the context data between a first application and a second application using a context manager.
 - 30. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - (D) collecting active-application data indicative of which of the plurality of applications is in immediate use by a user.
 - 31. The method of claim 1, further comprising, prior to (C):
 - (D) granting an authorized auditor access to the centralized storage location.
 - 32. The method of claim 1, further comprising, prior to (C):
 - (D) collecting point-of-use data identifying a point-of-use machine.
 - 33. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - (D) evaluating the audit data to make an assessment of compliance with a set of regulations.
- 30 34. The method of claim 33, wherein the set of regulations corresponds to the HIPAA.

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- 35. The method of claim 1, wherein (B) comprises storing of the context data according to a synchronization scheme that combines into the centralized storage location context data from at least two sources.
- 5 36. A method for storing context data, from a plurality of sources in a context management system, onto a centralized storage location, comprising:
 - (A) receiving context data from the plurality of sources;
 - (B) synchronizing the context data using a context manager; and
 - (C) storing the context data in the centralized storage location;
 - wherein (C) is performed according to a synchronization scheme, that includes context data from at least two sources.
 - The method of claim 36, wherein the centralized storage location is accessed over a network.
 - 38. The method of claim 36, further comprising, prior to (C):
 - (D) storing the context data on a plurality of intermediate clustered storage locations sharing a centralized index.
- 20 39. The method of claim 36, wherein the synchronization scheme is chronological.
 - The method of claim 36, wherein the synchronization scheme is not application-vendor-specific.
 - The method of claim 36, further comprising:(D) converting the context data from a first data format to a second data
 - (D) converting the context data from a first data format to a second data format.
 - 42. A method for controlling access to a stored data object, comprising: determining whether a data-access event is authorized under a predetermined rule, wherein a context manager is operable to allow or deny execution of said data-access

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event based on (i) context data, corresponding to the data-access event, and (ii) the predetermined rule.

- 43. The method of claim 42, further comprising determining whether the data-access event is authorized based on determining whether a context gesture corresponding to the data-access event is authorized.
 - 44. The method of claim 42, wherein the context manager is operable to allow or deny execution of the data-access event.
 - The method of claim 42, further comprising: storing a record of the dataaccess event on a centralized storage location coupled to the context manager.
 - 46. A method for assessing compliance with the HIPAA, in a context management system, the method comprising:
 - (A) collecting context data from a plurality of applications that use the context management system;
 - (B) storing data corresponding to the collected context data on a centralized storage location; and
- (C) extracting audit information by processing at least a subset of the data stored on the centralized storage location, the audit information suitable for making an assessment of compliance with a provision of the HIPAA.
- The method of claim 46, wherein any of the plurality of applications
 supports the CCOW standard set.
 - 48. The method of claim 46, wherein the plurality of applications exchange context data through a context manager operating in a healthcare facility and the context data relates to patient records.

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- 49. A method for auditing data access events in a data processing system, comprising:
- (A) transferring context information from a first software application executing in the data processing system to a second software application executing in the data processing system;
 - (B) storing the context data in a centralized storage location; and
 - (C) extracting from the centralized storage location information indicative of data access events occurring in the data processing system.
 - 50. A data processing system for auditing data access events in a context management framework, comprising:
 - a plurality of software applications executing in the data processing system;
 - a context manager coupled to the software applications that manages context data exchanges between the software applications;
 - a centralized storage location, coupled to the context manager, that stores a central record of the context data exchanges; and $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}$
 - an auditor, coupled to the centralized storage location, that retrieves information from the centralized storage location indicative of data access events occurring in the data processing system.
 - 51. The system of claim 50, further comprising a network that connects the context manager to the centralized storage location.
- 25 52. The system of claim 50, further comprising a machine that hosts both the context manager and the centralized storage location.
 - 53. The system of claim 50, further comprising a first machine that executes a first software application and a second machine that executes a second software application.

- 54. The system of claim 53, wherein the first machine is a local point-of-access machine and the second machine is coupled to the first machine over a network.
- 55. The system of claim 53, wherein the first machine is a remote server andthe second machine is coupled to the first machine over a network.
 - The system of claim 50, wherein the software applications comply with the CCOW standard set.
 - 57. The system of claim 50, further comprising a data formatter, arranged to convert data passing between the context manager and the centralized storage location between a first format, supported by the CCOW standard set, and a second format.
 - The system of claim 50, further comprising communication signals carrying context data.
 - 59. The system of claim 50, further comprising a message dispatcher that sends a message to a monitor based on an output from the auditor.
- 20 60. The system of claim 59, wherein the monitor comprises at least one of: an electronic mail server, a telephony server, a paging server, a portable communicator, an alarm device and a human operator.
- The system of claim 50, further comprising an authorizer that determines
 whether a data access event is authorized.
 - 62. The system of claim 61, further comprising an access controller that controls data-access events responsive to an output from the authorizer.
- 30 63. The system of claim 50, wherein the centralized storage location comprises a database.

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- 64. The system of claim 50, further comprising a plurality of clustered storage locations sharing a common index, the clustered storage locations holding data used by the context manager.
- 5 65. The system of claim 50, further comprising an intermediate collection platform disposed between the context manager and the centralized storage location.
 - 66. The system of claim 65, wherein the intermediate collection platform comprises a message queue.
 - The system of claim 65, wherein the intermediate collection platform comprises a storage buffer.
 - 68. The system of claim 50, further comprising means for blocking execution of a data-access event on a machine coupled to the system.
 - The system of claim 50, further comprising a Web-proxy that converts communications between a first, World Wide Web-based, format and a second format.
- 20 70. The system of claim 69, wherein the second format is COM-based.
 - 71. The system of claim 69, further comprising a Web interface coupled between the context manager and the Web-proxy.
- 25 72. A machine-readable medium having thereon instructions, which when executed:
 - (A) collect context data from a plurality of applications that use a context management system;
 - (B) store data corresponding to the collected context data on a centralized storage location; and
 - (C) extract audit information by processing at least a subset of the data stored on the centralized storage location.

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- The medium of claim 72, wherein any of the plurality of applications supports the CCOW standard set.
- 5 74. The medium of claim 72, further having instructions, which when
 - (D) convert context data from a first data format to a second data format.
 - 75. The medium of claim 74, wherein any of the first and second data formats is according to the CCOW standard set.
 - 76. The medium of claim 72, wherein the centralized storage location comprises a database.
 - 77. The medium of claim 72, wherein (B) comprises sending data over a network coupling the context manager and the centralized storage location.
 - 78. The medium of claim 72, further having instructions, which when executed:
 - (D) couple application-identification information to a URL being delivered through the context manager.
 - 79. The medium of claim 72, further having instructions, which when executed:
 - (D) determine whether a data-access event is authorized under a set of access control rules.
 - 80. The medium of claim 79, further having instructions, which when executed:
- 30 (E) prevent execution of the data-access event if the data-access event is not authorized.

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- 81. The medium of claim 79, further having instructions, which when executed:
- (E) send a message to a monitor, indicating an attempt to execute the data-access event.
- 82. The medium of claim 81, wherein the monitor is at least one of: an electronic mail server, a telephony server, a paging server, a portable communicator, an alarm device and a human operator.
- The medium of claim 79, wherein (D) comprises comparing context data to a rule available to the context manager.
- 84. The medium of claim 72, wherein execution of the instructions is performed by software, execution of which is not subject to preemption by a user.
- 85. A method for identifying an application in a context management environment, wherein the application is coupled to a context manager, comprising:
- (A) associating the application with an information tag when the application invokes a method that carries application-identifying information:
- (B) augmenting a URL, passing between the context manager and the application, with the information tag, yielding a compound URL containing the URL and the information tag;
- (C) parsing a communication from the application containing the compound URL to extract information corresponding to the information tag therefrom when the application invokes a method that does not carry application-identifying information; and
- (D) looking up the identity of the application corresponding to the information tag.
- 86. The method of claim 85, further comprising: converting communications
 30 between a first Web-based format and a second format.